

## QUICK TIPS & NOTES

- \* Any horse over two years of age being registered for the first time must be [DNA tested for parent qualification](#).
- \* All horses born after December 31, 1995 must be [DNA tested](#) prior to registration of their off-spring.
- \* Required photos are left side, right side, face with the forelock pulled to the side, and rear.

\* To register a horse with the AMHA, you must be a member. Please be [sure your membership](#) is current before submitting this form.

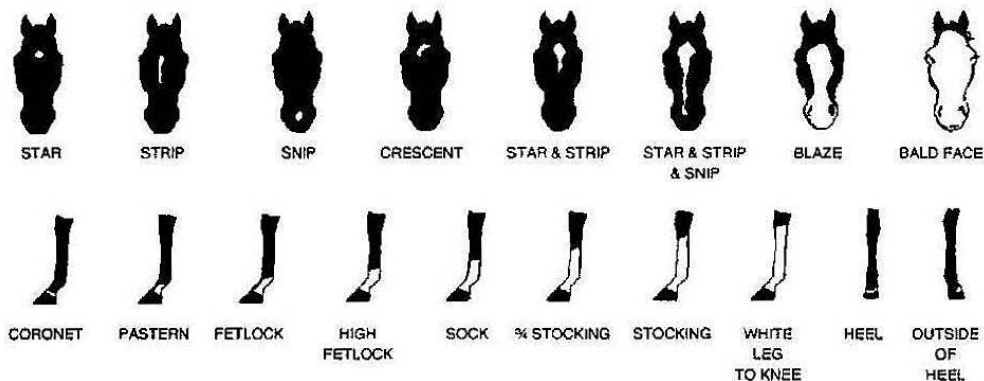
## INSTRUCTIONS AND TIPS

SECTION 1 - REGISTRATION APPLICATION	* No boxes should be left blank. * BOTH SIRE AND DAM MUST BE REGISTERED WITH AMHA. * To apply for registration, the application must be made by the REGISTERED OWNER(S) ON RECORD OF THE DAM AT THE TIME OF FOALING. If it is not, you will need to make the necessary <a href="#">Transfers</a> . * Even if sire/dam are TEMPORARILY REGISTERED and not ELIGIBLE for permanent status, their current heights must be provided.
SECTION 2 - SERVICE/BREEDERS CERTIFICATE	* This section must be completed, or a <a href="#">Service Certificate</a> attached, UNLESS the person registering the horse owned the sire AND dam at time of service.
SECTION 3 - OWNERSHIP TRANSFER AND HEIGHT CERTIFICATION	* This section to be completed ONLY if <a href="#">ownership is to be transferred</a> at the time of registration. * Height certificate must be completed by both buyer and seller if <a href="#">ownership is being transferred</a> at time of registration. * Please note that a transfer fee applies to this option. See <a href="#">Work Order</a> for current fees.

## COMMON COLORS AND MARKINGS & HOW TO MEASURE

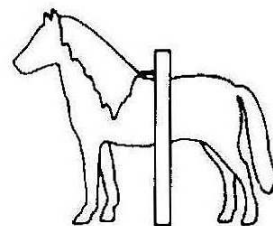
BAY	Chestnut or sorrel with black mane & tail and black points.	CREMELLO	Creamish body and points. Must have blue eyes.	PERLINO	Creamish body, points very slightly darker. Must have blue eyes.
BLACK	Black, usually black hooves and skin, points always black.	DUN	Any body color, with usually darker mane and tail. True Duns must have a dorsal line back and usually zebra markings at the knees and hocks.	ROAN	May be red, black, or bay body color with about 50% white hairs intermingled. Points usually much darker. Adult color does not get lighter with age.
BROWN	Sometimes difficult to distinguish from black or dark bay, but flank and muzzle usually lighter.	GREY	Usually born a darker color, gradually turning white with age.	SILVER DAPPLE	Body color ranges from light milk chocolate to almost black with silver dapples, the mane and tail are silver to white.
BUCKSKIN	Tannish to yellow body color with black mane, tail and lower legs.	GRULLO	Smooth grayish-blue color like a mouse - not a blue roan - always has black mane & tail, usually black lower legs.	SORREL	Reddish or copper red; mane & tail usually same color, may be flaxen.
CHESTNUT	Dark mahogany red or dark reddish-brown, mane & tail usually same color, may be flaxen.	PALOMINO	Light yellow to bright gold. Must have white mane and tail.	WHITE	Snow white. Usually has pink skin.

### DISTINGUISHABLE MARKINGS GUIDE



### MEASURING A MINIATURE HORSE

The height of a miniature horse is the vertical distance from the last hairs of the mane to the ground when the animal is standing squarely on a level area.



Have questions? Need some assistance?  
 We are here to help you!  
 Call 817.783.5600 or email [info@amha.org](mailto:info@amha.org).